Revision Date: 08-28-2013 Product Code: 1560-032

I. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION **Product Name:** STANTEST MULTI-PURPOSE ALKYD PRIMER GRAY Product Code: 1560-032 Document ID: M1560-032 Company: JONES-BLAIR® Company 2728 Empire Central Dallas, TX 75235 1-214-353-1600 **Revision Number:** 5 Prior Version Date: 08-20-2010 Phenolic Alkyd Primer Chemical Family: Intended use: Industrial Maintenance Primer **Emergency Contact:** ChemTrec Center **Emergency Phone:** 1-800-424-9300 International: 703-527-3887 **II. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:** WARNING! Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor harmful. **Routes of Entry:** Inhalation • Ingestion Skin contact • Eye contact **Target Organs Potentially** Liver • Affected by Exposure: Kidneys Eves • **Respiratory Tract** • Central nervous system . Skin **Medical Conditions** Eye disorders. • Aggravated by Exposure: Skin disorders. Respiratory disorders, including but not limited to asthma and bronchitis. • Eye irritation when/if dust or spray mist is generated. • Immediate (Acute) Health Effects by Route of Exposure: Inhalation Irritation: Causes nose and throat irritation. Inhalation of dusts produced during cutting, grinding or sanding of this product may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Inhalation Toxicity: Vapor harmful. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. Skin Contact: Can cause moderate skin irritation. Eve Contact: Causes eye irritation. **Ingestion Toxicity:** Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects: Contains Titanium Dioxide which is listed by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans Carcinogenicity: (Group 2B). This listing is based on inadequate evidence with respect to humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals. Cancer hazard: Contains Crystalline Silica, which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure to dust generated from sanding surfaces or spray mists.

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Inhalation:

Possible cancer hazard. Contains carbon black which may cause cancer based on animal data. (Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.) NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. Overexposure may cause lung damage.

III. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	%	CAS #
Calcium carbonate	15 - 40	471-34-1
Light aliphatic solvent naphtha	7 - 13	64742-89-8
Talc	7 - 13	14807-96-6
Titanium dioxide	3 - 7	13463-67-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum) medium aliphatic	1 - 5	64742-88-7
tert-butyl acetate	1 - 5	540-88-5
Stoddard solvent	0.5 - 1.5	8052-41-3
Kaolin	0.5 - 1.5	1332-58-7
Quartz (Silica-Crystalline)	0.1 - 1	14808-60-7
Carbon black	0.1 - 1	1333-86-4

IV. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen.
Eyes:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact:	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Induce vomiting as a last measure. Induced vomiting may lead to aspiration of the material into the lungs potentially causing chemical pneumonitis that may be fatal.
Notes to Doctor:	No additional first aid information available

V. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Summary:	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Extinguishing Media:	Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing agents. Water spray or fog may also be effective for extinguishing if swept across the base of the fire. Water can also be used to absorb heat and minimize fire damage.
Fire and/or Explosion Hazards:	Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition at or above the low flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Container may explode in heat of fire. Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS: When driers such as cobalt naphthalanate are added, air oxidation of the resins or materials contaminated with the resin may cause it to spontaneously combust. Autoignition may occur with cotton waste or similar combustible materials. To avoid spontaneous combustion: (1) prevent residue build-up and (2) soak soiled rags, spray-booth filters and over-spray waste in a closed water-filled metal container.
Fire Fighting Methods and Protection:	Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe

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Hazardous Combustion F	Product Code: 1560-032distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self- contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment.Products:Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Toxic fumes, Hydrocarbons, Toxic gases		
Flash Point (°F/°C): Autoignition Temperature Lower Flammable/Explos Upper Flammable/Explos	e (°F/°C): 4 sive Limit, % in air: 1 sive Limit, % in air: 7	0 / 4 75.0 / 246.0 .0 .0	
VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEAS	SE MEASURES		
Personal Precautions and Methods for Clean-up:	person of this specia the qu consid Shut of not all minim Dike v	sure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow nal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII MSDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on al circumstances created by the spill including the material spilled, uantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also der the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. off ignition sources; including electrical equipment and flames. Do low smoking in the area. Prevent the spread of any spill to ize harm to human health and the environment if safe to do so. with suitable absorbent material. Gather and store in a sealed iner pending disposal.	
VII. HANDLING AND STO	RAGE		
Handling Technical Meas		Harmful or irritating material. Avoid contacting and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Store in a cool dry place. Keep container(s) closed. Keep away from sources of ignition.	
VIII. EXPOSURE CONTRO	DLS/PERSONAL PROT	ECTION	
Engineering Measures:	Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls may be required when handling or using this product to avoid overexposure. Engineering controls must be designed to meet the OSHA chemical specific standard in 29 CFR 1910. Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should be used.		
Respiratory Protection:	General or local exhaut ventilation is inadequat	st ventilation is the preferred means of protection. In cases where the, respiratory protection may be required to avoid overexposure. Ifacturer's directions for respirator use.	
Eye Protection:	Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material. Have an eye wash station available.		
Skin Protection:	other exposed areas w	n skin contact, practice good personal hygiene. Wash hands and ith mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving e to prevent skin contact. Wear chemical resistant gloves.	

Control Parameters:

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Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA
Calcium carbonate			15 mg/mg ³ TWA total dust;
			5mg/m ³ TWA Respirable
			Dust
Talc	20 mppcf TWA		2mg/m ³ (Respirable Dust)
Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m³ TWA		15 mg/m ³ TWA (total dust)
tert-butyl acetate	200ppm TWA		200ppm; 950mg/m ³ TWA
Stoddard solvent	100 ppm TWA; 572		500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m ³
	mg/m³ TWA		TWA
Kaolin	2 mg/m ³ TWA (respirable		15 mg/m ³ TWA (total dust); 5
	dust)		mg/m ³ TWA (respirable
			fraction)
Quartz (Silica-Crystalline)	0.05 mg/m³ TWA		see Table Z-3
	(respirable fraction)		
Carbon black	3.5 mg/m3 TWA		3.5 mg/m3 TWA
IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAI	L PROPERTIES		
Color:	Grey		

Physical State: Liquid Odor: Aromatic Vapor Density: 3.50 Vapor Pressure: < 10.00 (mm Hg @ 68° F / 20° C) **VOC (g/l)** (Regulatory, Calculated): 304.15 (Actual, Calculated): 286.12 Solubility in Water: Minimal; 1-9% Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: Not Available

Density: 11.58 - 11.78 lbs./Gal. Physical and Chemical Properties are calculated target or range values for single packaged items and do not represent compliance values for multi-component (mixed) systems.

43.75

24.10

X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Volatiles, % by Volume (Calculated):

Volatiles, % by weight (Calculated):

Stability:	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid:	Sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and elevated
	temperatures. Contamination.
Materials to Avoid/Chemical Incompatibility:	Acids, Oxidizing agents
Polymerization:	Will not occur.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Toxic fumes, Hydrocarbons,
	Toxic gases

XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicology Data: Chemical Name Light aliphatic solvent naphtha	CAS Number 64742-89-8	LD50/LC50 Oral LD50 Rat 5840 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rat 2920 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Oral LD50 Rat > 25 g/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 10 g/kg Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat > 7 mg/L
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	Oral LD50 Rat 4500 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 (6h) Rat > 4000 ppm
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	Oral LD50 Rat > 5 g/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat > 6 mg/L

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	material Sal	ely Dala Sh		
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Quartz	14808-60-7	Oral LD50 Rat > 22		1000002
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Oral LD50 Rat > 80	00 mg/kg	
Carcinogens: Chemical Name Talc Titanium dioxide Quartz	CAS Number 14807-96-6 13463-67-7 14808-60-7	IARC 2B 2B 1	NTP	OSHA
Carbon black	1333-86-4	2B	I	
XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORM	ATION			
Toxicity data, if available, a Overview:	are listed below. No data available			
Mobility:	No data available			
XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDER	ATIONS			
Disposal Methods:	physical ch	her sections of this M aracteristics of the ma n and disposal in con	aterial to detern	nine the proper waste
XIV. TRANSPORTATION IN	IFORMATION			
This section provides basic s details. Refer to all applicable requirements and restrictions	e regulations for domestic,			
DOT Basic Description: Hazard Class: UN Number: Packing Group: Other:	Paint 3 UN1263 II This product qualifies for 172.102 Special Provisio package wt <= 66 lbs (30	n 149 for inner contai		
Marine Pollutant:	No			
XV. REGULATORY INFORM	MATION			
United States Federal Regulations: TSCA Status All components of this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory; or, are not subject to the				
inventory notification requirements.				
SARA EHS Chemicals Not applicable	CAS	<u># %</u>		
CERCLA tert-Butyl acetate SARA 313	540-88	3-5 1 - 5		
Not applicable				
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Health (Acute):	Y		
Health (chronic):	Y		
Fire (Flammable):	Y		
Pressure:	Ν		
Reactivity:	Ν		
U. S. State Regulations			
California Prop 65 Che			
Cancer	CAS #	<u>%</u>	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	•	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1	
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	0.01 - 0.1	
Cumene	98-82-8	0.001-0.01	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.001- 0.01	
Benzene	71-43-2		
	71-43-2	< 10 ppm	
Reproductive			
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-	149-57-5	0.01 - 0.1	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.001- 0.01	
Benzene	71-43-2	< 10 ppm	
Consider Degulations			
Canadian Regulations: CEPA DSL:	The second sector of this second	at ADE lists days the Organization Depresentia Orthotomera	
CEPA DSL:		uct ARE listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances	
	List.		
WHMIS Hazard Class:	B2 D2A		
XVI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
Prepared By:	Regulatory Department		
Disclaimer:	This MSDS has been prepared in	accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication	
		d Canada's Controlled Product Regulations (CPR). To	
		rmation contained herein is accurate. Determination of	
		of this material is the responsibility of the end user. This	
	information is furnished without wa		
Print Date:	August 28, 2013	····· 2/ - 1	