Revision Date: 01-04-2012 Product Code: 45029

#### I. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: ACRYLITHANE HS QUICK-CLEAN ENAMEL CLEAR

Product Code: 45029 Document ID: M45029

Company: JONES-BLAIR® Company

2728 Empire Central Dallas, TX 75235 1-214-353-1600

**Revision Number:** 3

Prior Version Date: 09-26-2008

Chemical Family: Acrylic Urethane Enamel Industrial Maintenance Coating

Emergency Contact: ChemTrec Center Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300 International: 703-527-3887

#### **II. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: WARNING!

Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. Vapor harmful. Harmful if swallowed.

Routes of Entry: 
• Inhalation

IngestionSkin contactEye contact

Target Organs Potentially Affected by Exposure:

Eyes

Central nervous system

BloodSkin

Respiratory Tract

KidneysLiver

Medical Conditions
Aggravated by Exposure:

Eye disorders.Skin disorders.

Respiratory disorders, including but not limited to asthma and bronchitis.

Liver diseaseKidney disease

•

#### Immediate (Acute) Health Effects by Route of Exposure:

**Inhalation Irritation:** Causes nose and throat irritation. Causes lung irritation.

Inhalation Toxicity: Vapor harmful. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or

nausea.

**Skin Contact:** Can cause moderate skin irritation. **Skin Absorption:** May be harmful if absorbed through skin.

**Eye Contact:** Causes eye irritation.

Ingestion Toxicity: Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis

which can be fatal.

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Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity: Possible cancer hazard. Contains ethylbenzene which may cause cancer based on animal

data. (Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.)

Reproductive and Contains Methyl Ethyl Ketone, which in animal studies has shown to cause harm to **Developmental Toxicity:** the fetus only at exposure levels that harm the pregnant animal. The relevance of these

findings to humans is uncertain. Xylene may cause adverse reproductive and/or developmental effects. Pregnant women may be at an increased risk from exposure.

Xylene has been shown to be positive in mutagenicity assays.

Mutagenicity:

Inhalation: NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to

> solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

**Chronic Effects of** 

Warning: Contains Butoxy Ethyl Acetate which may cause blood disorders and kidney

**Exposure:** damage based on animal data.

#### **III. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	%	CAS#
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	10 - 30	763-69-9
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate	10 - 30	112-07-2
Methyl Amyl Ketone	10 - 30	110-43-0
Methyl ethyl ketone	1 - 5	78-93-3
n-Butyl acetate	1 - 5	123-86-4
Xylene	1 - 5	1330-20-7
Butyl carbitol acetate	0.5 - 1.5	124-17-4
Ethylbenzene	0.1 - 1	100-41-4

### **IV. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

Inhalation: Remove individual to fresh air after an airborne exposure if any symptoms develop as a

precautionary measure.

Eyes: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention immediately.

Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical attention if **Skin Contact:** 

irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Induce vomiting as a

last measure. Induced vomiting may lead to aspiration of the material into the lungs potentially

causing chemical pneumonitis that may be fatal.

#### **V. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammability Summary: Flammable liquid and vapor.

**Extinguishing Media:** Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing

agents. Water spray or fog may also be effective for extinguishing if swept across the base of the fire. Water can also be used to absorb heat

and minimize fire damage.

Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames or other sources of Fire and/or Explosion Hazards:

ignition at or above the low flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Container may explode in heat of fire. Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may

lead to injury or death.

Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained Fire Fighting Methods and Protection:

breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe

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distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Explosive vapor could form. Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide, Toxic fumes, Toxic gases, Sulfur

containing gases

Flash Point (°F/°C): 45 / 7 Autoignition Temperature (°F/°C): 644.0 / 340.0

Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air: 0.5 Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit, % in air: 7.9 %

### **VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** 

**Personal Precautions and Equipment:** Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow

personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this MSDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Shut off ignition sources; including electrical equipment and flames. Do

not allow smoking in the area. Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the environment if safe to do so. Dike with suitable absorbent material. Gather and store in a sealed

container pending disposal.

#### **VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Methods for Clean-up:

Handling Technical Measures and Precautions: Harmful or irritating material. Avoid contacting and avoid

breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage Technical Measures and Conditions: Store in a cool dry place. Keep container(s) closed. Keep

away from sources of ignition.

### VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Measures: Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls may be required when handling or

using this product to avoid overexposure. Engineering controls must be designed to meet the OSHA chemical specific standard in 29 CFR 1910. Explosion proof exhaust

ventilation should be used.

Respiratory Protection: General or local exhaust ventilation is the preferred means of protection. In cases where

ventilation is inadequate, respiratory protection may be required to avoid overexposure.

Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

**Eye Protection:** Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product.

Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when

the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne

material. Have an eye wash station available.

**Skin Protection:** Where use can result in skin contact, practice good personal hygiene. Wash hands and

other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving

work. Clothing suitable to prevent skin contact. Wear chemical resistant gloves.

**Control Parameters:** 

Chemical Name ACGIH TLV-TWA ACGIH STEL OSHA PEL-TWA

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether 20ppm TWA

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acetate

n-Butyl acetate

Methyl Amyl Ketone 50ppm; 233mg/m3 TWA Methyl ethyl ketone 200 ppm TWA; 590

mg/m³ TWA

150 ppm TWA; 713 mg/m3 TWA

100 ppm TWA; 434 **Xylene** mg/m³ TWA

100 ppm TWA; 434 Ethylbenzene

mg/m3 TWA

100ppm; 465mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA) 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3

TWA

150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

TWA

100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

TWA

100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

543 mg/m3 STEL TWA

300 ppm STEL;

200 ppm STEL;

150 ppm STEL;

125 ppm STEL;

885 mg/m3 STEL

950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> STEL

651 mg/m3 STEL

## IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color: Colorless **Physical State:** Liquid **Boiling Point - Low (°F):** 300.0 **Boiling Point - High (°F):** 456.0

**Evaporation Rate:** 0.4 (n-Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Vapor Density: 5.5 (air = 1)Vapor Pressure: 2.1 (air = 1)**VOC (g/l)** (Regulatory, Calculated): 486.37 (Actual, Calculated): 486.37

Viscosity: 30 - 40 Z2 Solubility in Water: Minimal; 1-9% **Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient:** Not Available

Volatiles, % by Volume (Calculated): 54.89 Volatiles, % by weight (Calculated): 49.11

Densty: 8.16 - 8.36 lbs./Gal.

Physical and Chemical Properties are calculated target or range values for single packaged items and do not represent compliance values for multi-component (mixed) systems.

#### X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and elevated

temperatures. Contamination.

Materials to Avoid/Chemical Incompatibility:

Polymerization:

Oxidizing agents, Caustics (bases, alkalis), Acids

Will not occur.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide, Toxic fumes, Toxic gases,

Sulfur containing gases

## XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Component Toxicology Data:** 

**Chemical Name CAS Number** LD50/LC50

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether 112-07-2 Oral LD50 Male Rat 3000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Female Rat 2400 mg/kg acetate

> Oral LD50 Mouse 3200 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit 1500 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 (6h) Rat > 450 ppm

Oral LD50 Rat 1600 mg/kg Methyl Amyl Ketone 110-43-0

Oral LD50 Mouse 730 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit 10206 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Guinea pig > 16200 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat 2000 - 4000 ppm

Oral LD50 Rat 14130 mg/kg

n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4

Dermal LD50 Guinea pig 8770 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 (6h) Rat > 1800 ppm

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Xylene 1330-20-7 Oral LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg

Butyl carbitol acetate 124-17-4 Oral LD50 Rat 6960 - 11960 mg/kg

Dermal LD50 Rabbit 5390 - 14500 mg/kg

Ethylbenzene 100-41-4

Dermal LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

Carcinogens:

Chemical NameCAS NumberIARCNTPOSHAEthylbenzene100-41-42B

Toxicity data, if available, are listed below.

XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Disposal Methods**: Refer to other sections of this MSDS to determine the toxicity and

physical characteristics of the material to determine the proper waste identification and disposal in compliance with applicable regulations.

XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

This section provides basic shipping classification information and does not contain all regulatory transportation details. Refer to all applicable regulations for domestic, international, air, vessel and ground transportation requirements and restrictions.

DOT Basic Description: Paint
Hazard Class: 3
UN Number: UN1263
Packing Group: II

Other: This product qualifies for a limited quantity exception per CFR173.150(b)(2) and

172.102 Special Provision 149 for inner containers <= 1.3 gallons (5L) and total gross

package wt <= 66 lbs (30kg).

## XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **United States Federal Regulations:**

**TSCA Status** All components of this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory; or, are not subject to the inventory notification requirements.

SARA EHS Chemicals Not applicable	CAS#	<u>%</u>
CERCLA		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	1 - 5
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	1 - 5
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1
SARA 313		
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate	112-07-2	10 - 30
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	1 - 5
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate	124-17-4	0.5 - 1.5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1
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SARA 311/312

Health (Acute): Y
Health (chronic): Y
Fire (Flammable): Y
Pressure: N
Reactivity: N

## **U. S. State Regulations:**

## California Prop 65 Chemicals

Cancer	CAS#	<u>%</u>
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1
Benzene	71-43-2	< 10 ppm
Lead	7439-92-1	< 10 ppb
Arsenic	7440-38-2	< 10 ppb
Reproductive		
Toluene	108-88-3	0.01 - 0.1
Benzene	71-43-2	< 10 ppm
Lead	7439-92-1	< 10 ppb

### **Canadian Regulations:**

CEPA DSL: The components of this product ARE listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances

List.

WHMIS Hazard Class: B2 D2A

### **XVI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Prepared By: Regulatory Department

**Disclaimer:** This MSDS has been prepared in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and Canada's Controlled Product Regulations (CPR). To the best of our knowledge the information contained herein is accurate. Determination of safe handling, application and use of this material is the responsibility of the end user. This

information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied.

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